

## Recapitulation of Thursday 26 Feb 2009

Laws and Institutional Aspects for FM  
International and Transboundary Aspects of IFM  
Social Dimension of FM  
Towards IFM and Indicators

By

Pak Adnan (คุณอัฒนัน)

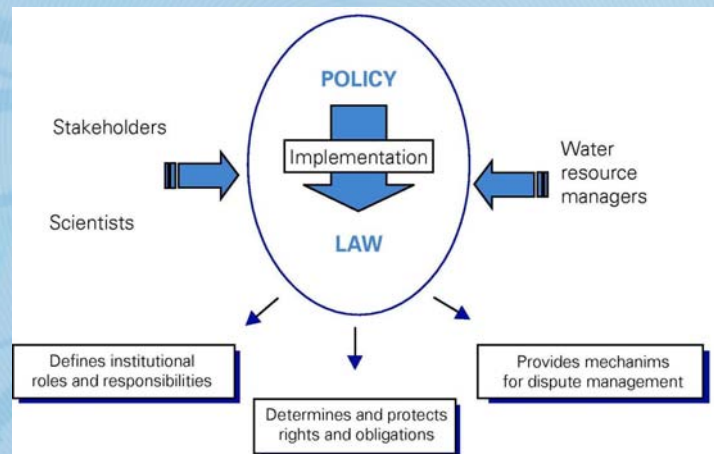
Ibu Jongdee (คุณจงดี)

### Laws and Institutional Aspects for FM

- We have learnt about a rational way of addressing legal issues in FM.
- We gained more understanding of issues of common interest for flood managers and lawyers/legislators.

## Laws and Institutional Aspects for FM

- We have learnt about roles of law in FM.



## Laws and Institutional Aspects for FM

- We also know that there have four central legal themes in IFM.
  - Ensuring coordination and integration across institutional boundaries
  - Information generation and sharing
  - Enabling stakeholder participation
  - Rights, powers and obligations

## **Laws and Institutional Aspects for FM**

- We realized the procedural rules for
  - Exchange of data and information
  - Public participation
  - Dispute settlement
  - Specifying the role of joint institutions
- We have learnt about basic principles including
  - Equitable and reasonable use
  - No significant harm
  - Precautionary principle

## **International and Transboundary Aspects of IFM**

- We have learnt that international and transboundary aspects in three aspects
  - Political Aspects
  - Legal Aspects
  - Technical Aspects

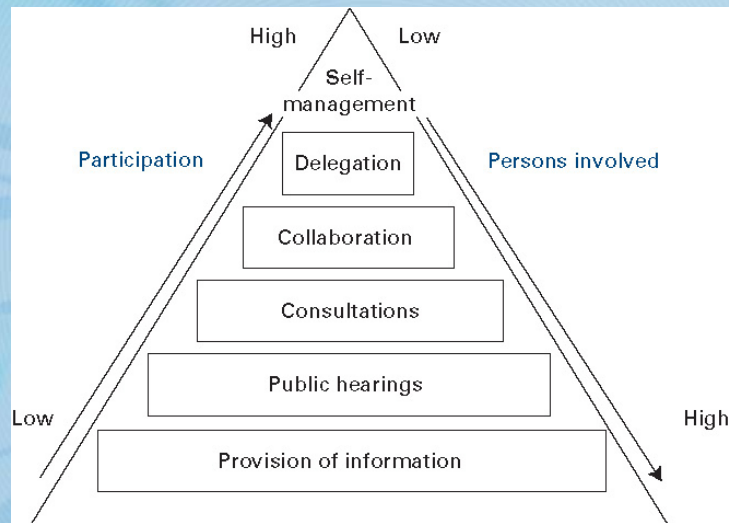
## Social Dimension of FM

- We have learnt positive and negatives impacts of flood.
- We realized that IFM is needed stakeholders involvement.
- We should concern that flood emergency management is a continuous process from **preparedness, emergency response, and post-disaster recovery.**

## Social Dimension of FM

- We realized that effective IFM, it is important to carefully identify all relevant stakeholders.
- We have learnt that there are various participation methods with varying degrees of stakeholder involvement.

## Social Dimension of FM

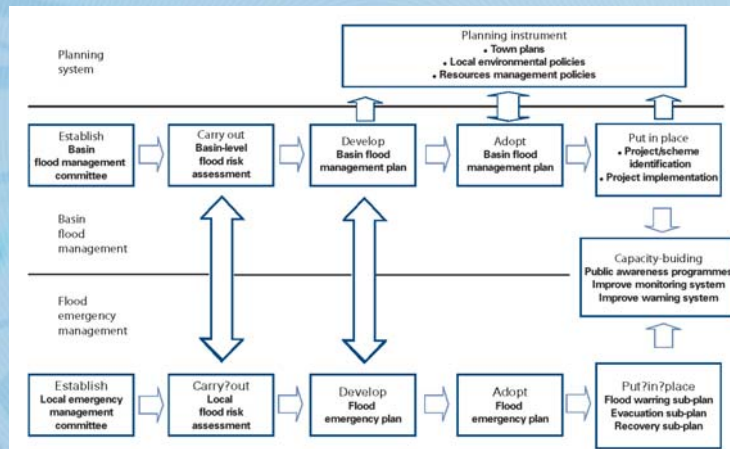


## Social Dimension of FM

- We realized the importance of pitfalls and limitations of stakeholder participation identification.
- We have also learnt about divergence and convergence in a participatory process.

## Social Dimension of FM

- We realized that flood emergency planning should be undertaken in parallel with basin-wide flood management planning.



## Towards IFM and Indicators

- We realized that
  - IFM should be as a long-term process
  - First evaluation of such process possible only after 5-10 years
  - We have to consider process indicators and political indicators for IFM.

**Thank you  
Kob Khun Mak (Kha, Krub)**

**By  
Pak Adnan (คุณอัฒนัน)  
Ibu Jongdee (คุณจงดี)**